Immunology Quality Assessment Cryopreservation Proficiency Testing Program

Troubleshooting PBMC Processing

2016 IMPAACT/HPTN Annual Meeting

Presented by: Sarah Keinonen June 14, 2016



IQA Cryopreservation Proficiency Test Program

- The optimization of peripheral blood mononuclear cell (PBMC) processing is essential to ensure the quality and function of the cells for ongoing studies in the development of vaccines and treatment strategies.
- The IQA Cryopreservation PT Program measures viability and viable recovery of PBMC samples processed at participating DAIDS-supported laboratories on a quarterly basis to ensure sample integrity.
- This enables the IQA to obtain insight regarding a number of difficulties that laboratories confront during the processing of PBMCs.



Difficulties Observed by the IQA

Out of Range Viable Recovery	Counting
	Cellular Contamination
	Calculations/Dilution
	Mixing/Aliquoting
Out of Range Viability	Processing time
	Use of Expired Reagents
	Lack of Cold Chain Method



Overview of PBMC Processing





Whole Blood Dilution



- Suitable for the selected density gradient
- Higher yield of PBMCs
- Reduces the amount of the Red Blood Cell (RBC) contamination



Density of PBMCs





An 10H, 10AD, DAVDE Program

Density Gradient Cell Separation

- Whole Blood and Density Gradient Media (DGM) must be at 15–30 °C
- Carefully layer using proper technique





4°C Density Gradient Media







Buffy Coat Isolation



 Once the centrifuge has completely stopped *carefully* remove the layered tube from the centrifuge as not to disrupt the layer.







Isolation Recommendations

- Avoid harvesting the platelet aggregates
- Avoid removing excess amounts of Plasma and/ or DGM with the Buffy Coat







PBMC Washes

- Quickly Decant
- Fully re-suspend the PBMC Pellet
- Follow the number of required washes





Obtain the Viable Cell Count



Accurate Volume

 Even distribution of PBMCs

• Dilute accordingly







Cryopreservation Solution (CPS)

- Chill at 2-8°C for 30 minutes or in an ice bath for 15 minutes prior to use
- CPS can be stored at 2-8°C for up to 18 hours





Addition of CPS



- Work quickly
- Mix gently and thoroughly during the aliquoting process
- Use an ice bath during the addition of CPS





Cryopreservation Process



- Maintain the cold chain method
- Follow all laboratory and network guidelines



Recommendations Prior to PBMC Processing

- Follow the Cross Network SOP
- Be Prepared
- Check all equipment
- Do NOT use expired reagents
- Prepare Cryopreservation Solution (CPS)





Recommendations During PBMC Processing



- Processing Time (8 hours from time of collection)
- Use accurate and precise pipetting techniques
- Maintain the proper temperature requirements
- Documentation



Acknowledgments

NIH

- Daniella Livnat
 IVQAC Laboratory
- Tom Denny
- Raul Louzao
- Ambrosia Garcia
- John Wong
- Todd DeMarco
- Linda Walker
- Khalil Itani
- Meredith Carter
- William Tyson II
- Eric Brady
- Sylvia Hood
- Heidi Macht
- Sara Brown





Questions?

Thank You!



References

- Cross Network PBMC Processing SOP (HANC-LAB-P0001v5.2, Effective date 2014-09-22)
- GE Healthcare/Isolation of mononuclear cells Methodology and applications(18-1152-69 AD 08/2010)
- Histopaque® Troubleshooting Guide, BioFiles Volume 6, Number 5 — Centrifugation
- PBMC Counting_HANC-LAB-P0006_v1.0_2012-04-13
- IVQAC SOP #007_Whole Blood Processing
- IVQAC CRYO #014_Cryopreservation of PBMCs Obtained from Whole Blood

